

# **Legal Notice**

Neonode may make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time, without notice. Do not finalize a design with this information. Neonode assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using Neonode components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

Neonode components are neither designed nor intended for use in FDA Class III applications, or similar life-critical medical equipment. Customers acknowledge and agree that they will not use any Neonode components in FDA Class III applications, or similar life-critical medical equipment, and that Neonode will not be responsible for any failure to meet the requirements of such applications or equipment.

No part of the materials contained in any Neonode document may be copied, photocopied, reproduced, translated or reduced to any electronic medium or machine-readable form, in whole or in part, without specific written permission from Neonode Inc.

NEONODE, the NEONODE logo, ZFORCE and ZFORCE AIR are trademarks of Neonode Inc. registered in the United States and other countries. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Copyright © 2018 Neonode Inc. All rights reserved.

# 1 Table of Contents

1	Table of Contents	3
2	Introduction	5
2.1	Product Overview	5
2.2	Product Variants	5
2.3	Multi-Touch Functionality	10
2.4	Applications	11
2.5	Sensor Design and Components	12
2.6	Product Integration	14
3	Specifications	15
3.1	Specifications Summary	15
3.2	Touch Performance	18
3.3	Power Consumption	20
3.4	Environmental Requirements	21
3.5	Electrical Requirements	22
3.6	Optical Requirements on External Window	22
3.7	Mechanical Data	24

# 2 Introduction

#### 2.1 Product Overview

The zForce AIR Touch Sensor is a laser light based touch sensor that can be integrated and used in various applications. The sensor characteristics are high scanning frequency, low latency, good touch accuracy and it can be used on any surface or even in mid air. zForce AIR Touch Sensor can be connected to the host system through a standard connector and communicate through a standard I2C or USB interface.



#### 2.1.1 Main Features

- Enables touch on any surface or in mid air
- Dual touch support
- High scanning frequency up to 200Hz or more depending on sensor length
- Low touch latency
- High touch accuracy
- Idle mode for reduced current power consumption
- Configurable touch active area
- I2C and USB interface
- Standard 5V power supply

#### 2.2 Product Variants

In order to fit in a wide range of applications, the zForce AIR Touch Sensor exists in two types, one for horizontal and one for vertical integration, and a number of different lengths.



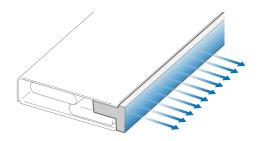
If the variant you are interested in is not available for purchase from your distributor, please contact the distributor or a Neonode sales representative (refer to www.neonode.com<sup>1</sup>) for more information.

<sup>1</sup> http://www.neonode.com/

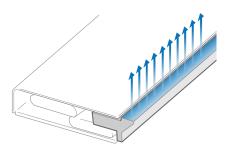
#### 2.2.1 Sensor Orientation

The zForce AIR Touch Sensor is available in two types, one where the active area emerges straight out from the sensor (0° type) and one where it emerges out from the sensor at a 90° angle (90° type). This enables both vertical and horizontal integration.

#### 0° Type



90° Type



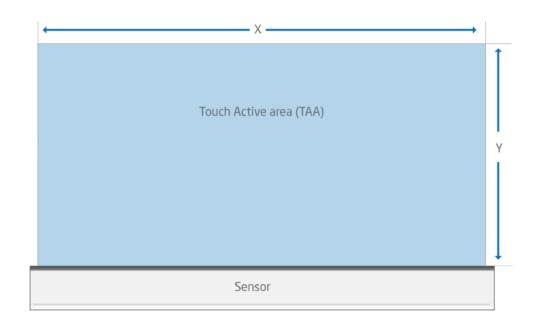
#### 2.2.2 Sensor Length

The Touch Sensor is available in 43 different lengths. The length affects the Touch Active Area (TAA) in both X and Y directions.

#### 2.2.3 Touch Active Area

The tables list all product variants, the product number, the TAA, and, if applicable, the TAA with Extended Range for each variant. See also Mechanical Data (see page 24).

Sensors with  $X \ge 237.6$  mm are long enough to use a scanning pattern that extends the active area in the Y-direction. The use of the Extended Range scanning pattern is supported from different firmware versions for different product variants, see the following tables. Extended Range can affect the power consumption and the accuracy.



Product Number	Product Number TAA (mm)		
0° Type	90° Type	X	Y
NNAMC0430PC01	NNAMC0431PC01	43.2	14.9
NNAMC0500PC01	NNAMC0501PC01	50.4	29.8
NNAMC0580PC01	NNAMC0581PC01	57.6	29.8
NNAMC0640PC01	NNAMC0641PC01	64.8	44.7
NNAMC0720PC01	NNAMC0721PC01	72	44.7
NNAMC0790PC01	NNAMC0791PC01	79.2	59.6
NNAMC0860PC01	NNAMC0861PC01	86.4	59.6
NNAMC0940PC01	NNAMC0941PC01	93.6	74.5
NNAMC1010PC01	NNAMC1011PC01	100.8	74.5
NNAMC1080PC01	NNAMC1081PC01	108	89.4
NNAMC1150PC01	NNAMC1151PC01	115.2	89.4
NNAMC1220PC01	NNAMC1221PC01	122.4	104.3
NNAMC1300PC01	NNAMC1301PC01	129.6	104.3

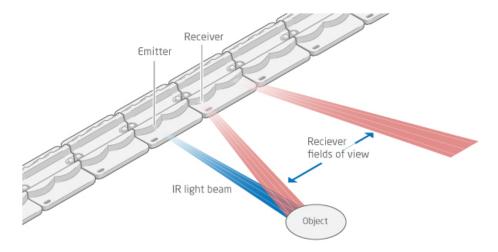
Product Number	Product Number TAA (mm)			
0° Type	90° Type	X	Υ	
NNAMC1370PC01	NNAMC1371PC01	136.8	119.2	
NNAMC1440PC01	NNAMC1441PC01	144	119.2	
NNAMC1510PC01	NNAMC1511PC01	151.2	134.0	
NNAMC1580PC01	NNAMC1581PC01	158.4	134.0	
NNAMC1660PC01	NNAMC1661PC01	165.6	148.9	
NNAMC1730PC01	NNAMC1731PC01	172.8	148.9	
NNAMC1800PC01	NNAMC1801PC01	180	163.8	
NNAMC1870PC01	NNAMC1871PC01	187.2	163.8	
NNAMC1940PC01	NNAMC1941PC01	194.4	178.7	
NNAMC2020PC01	NNAMC2021PC01	201.6	178.7	
NNAMC2090PC01	NNAMC2091PC01	208.8	193.6	
NNAMC2160PC01	NNAMC2161PC01	216	193.6	
NNAMC2230PC01	NNAMC2231PC01	223.2	208.5	
NNAMC2300PC01	NNAMC2301PC01	230.4	208.5	

Product Number		TAA (mm)		TAA, Extended Range (mm)		nge (mm)
0° Туре	90° Type	x	Y	x	Y	From Firmware Version
NNAMC2380PC01	NNAMC2381PC01	237.6	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC2450PC01	NNAMC2451PC01	244.8	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC2520PC01	NNAMC2521PC01	252	208.5	Available	e on reque	st
NNAMC2590PC01	NNAMC2591PC01	259.2	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC2660PC01	NNAMC2661PC01	266.4	208.5	Available	e on reque	st
NNAMC2740PC01	NNAMC2741PC01	273.6	208.5	Available	e on reque	st
NNAMC2810PC01	NNAMC2811PC01	280.8	208.5	Available	on reque	st

Product Number		TAA (mm)		TAA, Extended Range (mm)		nge (mm)
0° Туре	90° Type	X	Y	X	Y	From Firmware Version
NNAMC2880PC01	NNAMC2881PC01	288	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC2950PC01	NNAMC2951PC01	295.2	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3020PC01	NNAMC3021PC01	302.4	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3100PC01	NNAMC3101PC01	309.6	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3170PC01	NNAMC3171PC01	316.8	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3240PC01	NNAMC3241PC01	324	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3310PC01	NNAMC3311PC01	331.2	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3380PC01	NNAMC3381PC01	338.4	208.5	Available on request		st
NNAMC3460PC01	NNAMC3461PC01	345.6	208.5	345.6	327.7	v1.49

# **Basic Principles**

zForce AIR Touch Sensors detect and trace objects by detecting diffusely reflected infrared light. The sensor comprises an optical system arranged to combine emitted IR beams and receiver fields of view within the same apertures. IR light beams are emitted perpendicular to the output window, while receivers field of view is centered at a certain angle left and right.

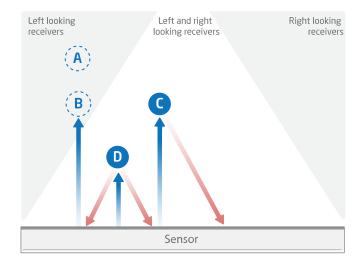


Each emitter-receiver combination covers a narrow region on the active area. An object present in the active area will affect several emitter-receiver channels, and the reported coordinates is the outcome of a center of gravity calculation on these signals.

### 2.3 Multi-Touch Functionality

zForce AIR Touch Sensor determine an object's position by signals derived from emitter-receiver pairs and have the capacity to detect and track several objects at the same time. Both the hardware and the software have been optimized in order to support standard touch gestures like, pinch-to-zoom, rotate, swipe and tap. However, some combinations of two or more objects might require special consideration, which is described in more detail below.

#### 2.3.1 Shadows



- An object directly behind another object cannot be illuminated. In the figure above, object A will not be detected since illumination is blocked by object B.
- The correct receiver must have a clear field of view. Object B is in a region covered only by left looking receivers. Object B will not be detected because its field of view is blocked by object D.
- Object C may be seen by both left and right looking receivers. Although the right looking field of view is blocked by object D, object C is detected by the left looking receiver.
- Object D is detected by both left and right looking receivers.

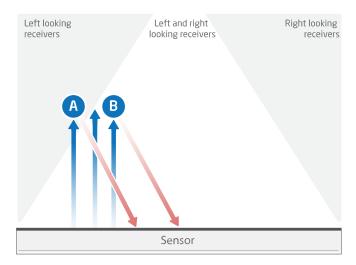
#### Shadow Trick

Note that in most cases, user experience is not affected by the shadow situations mentioned above. This is because of a functionality implemented in the Touch Sensor firmware called "shadow trick", which e.g. generates a smooth "rotate" feeling despite one touch object being shadowed during the rotate gesture. A previously detected object that can no longer be detected is still reported as present if:

- The object was last seen close to a location where it could be shadowed by another object.
- The potentially shadowing object is still detected and hasn't moved away from a shadowing location.

The shadow trick make multi-touch gestures such as "rotate" and "pinch-to-zoom" work better.

#### 2.3.2 Adjacent Objects



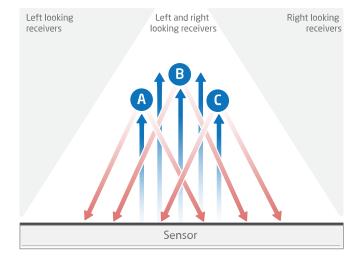
• In order to recognize two objects close to each other (A and B), a separation must allow at least one emitter-receiver channel (~10 mm) to pass freely between them. Otherwise, the two objects will be reported as one large object.

#### 2.3.3 More Than Two Objects

When more than two objects are being tracked the likelihood that an object ends up being in the shadow of another object increases. Therefore, it is only recommended to enable more than two tracked objects if, for example:

• it is not vital to track all detected objects 100% in all possible combinations and locations at all time.

When all objects are likely to be detected by the sensor, for example when it is expected that all objects will be placed along a line that is parallel to the sensor, as in the example below.



# 2.4 Applications

zForce AIR Touch Sensors can be integrated for a wide range of applications, such as:

- PCs/Tablets
- TVs/Monitors
- Printers
- Mechanical key replacement
- White goods
- Smart furniture
- Interactive mirrors
- Elevator panels
- eReaders
- Instruments
- Vending Machines
- ATM/POS terminals
- Robotics
- · Range finders
- Collision detectors
- ... and much more

### 2.5 Sensor Design and Components

The zForce AIR Touch Sensor is a laser light based touch sensor that can be used for various touch and mid-air detection applications. The image below show the sensor design (0° type). The connector is shown to the far right.



#### 2.5.1 Exploded view

The image below shows the sensor (0° type) in an exploded view.



Part	Description
A	Cover
В	Adhesive
С	Front light pipe – straight shooting or 90 degree shooting depending on sensor type
D	Lenses - the amount depends on sensor size
E	PCBA

### 2.5.2 Sensor Components

The PCBA is equipped with both active and passive components, for example:

• MCU

- Co-processor, a Neonode proprietary scanning IC
- Optical lenses, made out of polycarbonate
- VCSELs
- Photodiodes
- Other passive components

### 2.6 Product Integration

The zForce AIR Touch Sensor can be integrated into any host system through a physical connector with 8 contact pads. The connector supports both I2C and USB HID.

The sensor communicates with messages that are defined in ASN.1-notation. ASN.1 is a standardized way (ISO/IEC 8824) to describe data regardless of language implementation, hardware system and operation system. The host system can communicate with the sensor using the zForce communication protocol.<sup>2</sup>

To facilitate integration, Neonode has developed function libraries that are available for download.

<sup>2</sup> https://support.neonode.com/docs/display/AIRTSUsersGuide/zForce+Communication+Protocol

# 3 Specifications

# 3.1 Specifications Summary

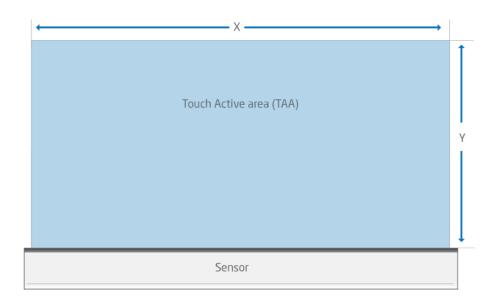
#### 3.1.1 Touch Performance Specification

Item	Specification
Input methods	Finger, hand or glove.
Minimum object size (diameter)	5 mm
Number of touch objects	1, 2, or more, depending on application
Touch resolution	0.1 mm
Touch activation force	0 N (no activation force required)
Touch Active Area	Up to 345.6 x 327.7 mm. For details, refer to information on product variants in Introduction (see page 5).
Response time	~50 ms (initial touch, at 33 Hz in idle mode) 10 ms (continuous tracking, at 100 Hz in active mode)
Scanning frequency	Configurable up to 900 Hz, depending on product variant. For details, refer to Touch Performance (see page 18).

#### Touch accuracy

The specified values are valid for the used test setup. For more information, refer to Performance Test Methods<sup>3</sup>. The touch accuracy is measured inside the TAA, using a silicone based cylindrical test rod with a diameter of 16 mm.

 $<sup>{\</sup>tt 3~http://confluence.neonode.local/display/AIRTSUsersGuide/Performance+Test+Methods}$ 



Touch Accuracy for Normal Range Sensors of the 90° and 0° Types

Product Number	Typical Value (mm)	μ ± 2σ (mm)
NNAMC346XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC310XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC295XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC259XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC209XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC180XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC158XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC122XPC01	1.5	3.5
NNAMC115XPC01	1.5	4

Typical Value: The accuracy on average, within the TAA.

 $\mu$  ± 2 $\sigma$ : 95% of reported touch positions deviate less than this value. (2 $\sigma$  standard deviation).

Product number: "X" indicates if the sensor is of type 0° ("0") or 90° ("1").

The accuracy specification (normal range, 0° and 90°) is valid for units produced from 15th January 2020. Please contact our support team for specification regarding earlier produced sensors, or general questions about the accuracy specification.

#### Touch Accuracy for Extended Range Sensor of the 90° and 0° Types

Product Number	Typical Value (mm)	μ ± 2σ (mm)
NNAMC346XPC01	2.5 [1]	5 [1]

Typical Value: The accuracy on average, within the TAA.

 $\mu \pm 2\sigma$ : 95% of reported touch positions deviate less than this value. (2 $\sigma$  standard deviation).

Product number: "X" indicates if the sensor is of type 0° ("0") or 90° ("1").

[1] Preliminary value.

The accuracy specification (extended range, 0° and 90°) is valid for units produced from 15th January 2020. Please contact our support team for specification regarding earlier produced sensors, or general questions about the accuracy specification.

# **Technical Specification**

Item	Sensor Variant	Specification
Module size (LxHxW)	0° Type	L x 3.46 x 14.5 mm L depending on product variant.
	90° Type	L x 3.46 x 16.05 mm L depending on product variant.
Power consumption I2C interface Active mode (100 Hz)	NNAMC0720PC01, NNAMC0721PC01	57 mW
Active mode (100 Hz)	NNAMC2090PC01, NNAMC2091PC01	80 mW
	NNAMC3460PC01, NNAMC3461PC01	104 mW
	NNAMC3460PC01, NNAMC3461PC01, Extended Range	135 mW
Power consumption I2C interface	NNAMC0720PC01, NNAMC0721PC01	44 mW
Idle mode (33 Hz)	NNAMC2090PC01, NNAMC2091PC01	45 mW
	NNAMC3460PC01, NNAMC3461PC01	47 mW

Item	Sensor Variant	Specification
	NNAMC3460PC01, NNAMC3461PC01, Extended Range	61 mW

#### 3.2 Touch Performance

#### 3.2.1 Touch Object Requirement

zForce AIR Touch Sensors detect and trace objects by detecting diffusely reflected infrared light.

Requirements on the object to detect include:

- A minimum reflectance of 30% in the near IR-spectrum is needed for proper signal levels, that is, the object can not be too dark.
- Object surface must be diffuse. A glossy or mirror-like object may not scatter enough light towards correct receivers in order to generate a reliable detection.
- An object must be ≥ 5 mm to ensure sufficient signal levels. This is closely related to reflectance. A white, diffuse object may be smaller than a dark, glossy one.

#### 3.2.2 Touch Accuracy

#### Specification

Measured touch coordinate error in X and Y axis is less or equal than the specified value for about 95% of the cases.

Touch coordinate error data is calculated by subtracting the actual position and measured position in X and Y axis.

#### Definition

The touch accuracy of the zForce AIR Touch sensor can be described statistically with the normal distribution and a standard deviation of 2 sigma. This means that the touch position reported by the sensor will deviate less than the specified value in 95% of the cases.

#### 3.2.3 Response Time

The specification of response time reflects the reaction speed of a zForce AIR Touch Sensor.

#### Specification

- **Initial touch**: 16-46 ms, at 33 Hz scanning frequency (default frequency in idle mode).
- Continuous tracking: 10 ms, at 100 Hz scanning frequency (default frequency in active mode).

Increasing the scanning frequency decreases the response time.

#### Definition

#### **Initial Touch**

The specified response time for the **initial touch** starts from the instant an object is presented in the sensor's active area and stops when the sensor starts to send the first touch notification for this object. The specified response time consists of two numbers reflecting the best case and the worst case, with the average response time right in the middle.

The response time (t) can be calculated for different idle mode frequencies (f) can be calculated by the formulas below:

**Best case**: t = 16 ms

**Worst case**: t = 1/f + 16 ms**Average**: t = (1/f + 32 ms)/2

In touch applications, an object will be detected slightly before it reaches the touch surface, making the perceived response time shorter.

#### **Continuous Tracking**

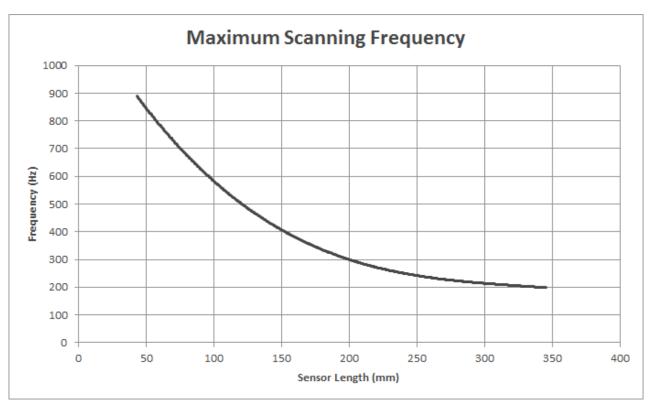
After the first touch notification, the sensor will **continuously track** and send touch notifications to update the object position. The response time is therefore defined as the time between subsequent touch notifications.

The response time (t) can be calculated for different active mode frequencies (f) can be calculated by the formula below:

t = 1/f

#### 3.2.4 Scanning Frequency

The scanning frequency can be set using the Neonode API. The default value is 100 Hz in active mode, that is, when an object is detected or tracked. The default value in idle mode, that is, when no object is detected or tracked, is 33 Hz. The maximum scanning frequency depends on the product variant (sensor length). See the following chart.

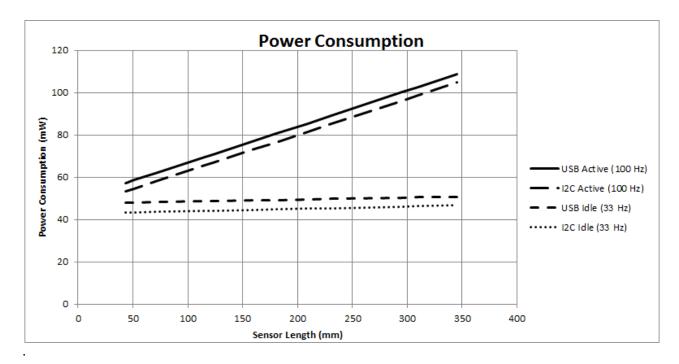


The maximum scanning frequency for product variants NNAMC3460PC01 and NNAMC3461PC01 with Extended Range is 175 Hz.

## 3.3 Power Consumption

#### 3.3.1 Specification

The graph below shows the power consumption for various sensor lengths, in active and idle mode. In active mode, the scanning frequency is set to 100 Hz, and one object is presented in active area. In idle mode the scanning frequency is set to 33 Hz, with a clean active area. With higher scanning frequency or more detected objects, the power consumption might slightly higher than the values in the graph. The sensor will only be in active mode when a touch object is being detected or tracked.



From firmware version 1.49 and higher, sensor variants NNAMC3460PC01 and NNAMC3461PC01 are provided with Extended Range, and their power consumption increases 30% in both USB active mode and USB idle mode. The power consumption for sensor variants shorter than 237 mm is not affected by Extended Range.

#### 3.3.2 Definition

The power consumption is calculated from the current consumption when supplying the sensor with 5 V.

The current consumption is, in turn, defined as the average current that goes through a sensor. This is measured from the +5V power pin and reflects how much electric energy that is consumed by the whole sensor. In real time, the current is not a stable value. Since the Touch Sensor has a low power consumption design, the processor and some peripheral circuits will switch to sleep mode during the time between two scan periods, to save power. Therefore, the current is frequently changing during run time.

According to the different working modes of the Touch Sensor, the current consumption value also changes between Active mode and Idle mode.

## 3.4 Environmental Requirements

#### 3.4.1 Operating and Storage Conditions

Condition Operation		Storage
Temperature	-20°C to +65°C	-40°C to +85°C
Humidity	5% to 95%	0% to 95%

Condition	Operation	Storage
Altitude	≤5000 m	≤15 km

#### 3.4.2 ESD rating

EN55024 (61000-4-2)

Direct contact discharge: 4 kV Indirect contact discharge: 4 kV

Air discharge: 8 kV

#### 3.4.3 Agency Approvals

RoHS, IEC60825-1 Class 1

## 3.5 Electrical Requirements

#### 3.5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Max Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Input voltage on I/O pins	-0.3 to 5.5	V

#### 3.5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage	4.50	5.00	5.50	V

# 3.6 Optical Requirements on External Window

Most applications will require an outer cover window, for design cosmetics and protection against dust and humidity.

The optical properties on cover windows placed in front of the sensor are essential in order to maintain a high touch performance. If light is lost, scattered or diverted it will lead to shorter detection range and lower touch accuracy.

#### 3.6.1 Optical Requirements

Window material must be optically clear, without absorption and have optical quality surfaces.

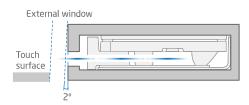
- Transmission: > 88 % at 945nm
- Haze: < 3%
- Surface finish: SP1-A2 (max Ra 0.05μm).

Proven plastic materials include optical grade acrylic (PMMA) and polycarbonate. For glass windows, transmission at 945 nm must be verified. Many borosilicate glasses (such as Borofloat) work well, but some common window glasses show substantial absorption due to high iron content.

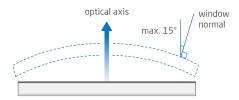
#### 3.6.2 Geometrical Constraints

The zForce AIR Touch Sensor is an optical system that both emits and receives IR-light at different incident angles. When the light hits a transparent material, most of the light is transmitted through the material and exit on the other side. But in reality the amount of light being transmitted is angle dependent, why some shape constraints exist on windows placed in front of the sensor:

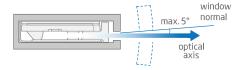
- · Window surfaces must be parallel.
  - A wedge, or lens shaped window will shift light beams out of the active area.
- It is a good practice to install the window at a slight angle (~2°) to reduce reflected stray light. See the image below. The angle can be up to approximately 30° without affecting performance.



- A slight curvature on the window can be allowed.
- In x-direction, a maximum angle of 15° between window normal and sensors optical axis is recommended, for all parts of the window within the sensor TAA.



• In z-direction, the angle should be maximum 5°.



, which corresponds to a minimum radius of 12 mm for the surface closest to the sensor.

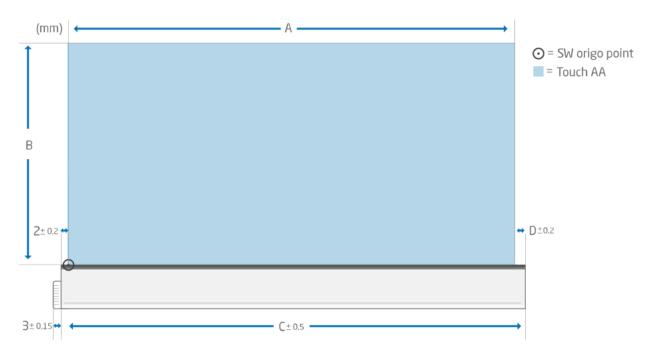
• Keep window thickness as small as mechanically feasible, to reduce absorption losses.

### 3.7 Mechanical Data

#### 3.7.1 Physical Dimensions and Position of Origin

Top View

Dimensions  $\bf C$  and  $\bf D$  vary between the Touch Sensor variants and therefore also the Touch Active Area (TAA) sizes ( $\bf A$  and  $\bf B$ ). For Touch Sensor variants with  $\bf A \ge 237.6$  mm, dimension B also depends on the installed firmware version.



Product number		Measurements (mm)				
0°	90°	A	В	С	D	
NNAMC0430PC01	NNAMC0431PC01	43.2	14.9	47.2	2	
NNAMC0500PC01	NNAMC0501PC01	50.4	29.8	55.9	3.5	
NNAMC0580PC01	NNAMC0581PC01	57.6	29.8	61.6	2	
NNAMC0640PC01	NNAMC0641PC01	64.8	44.7	70.3	3.5	
NNAMC0720PC01	NNAMC0721PC01	72	44.7	76	2	

Product number	Measu	rements	s (mm)		
0°	90°	A	В	С	D
NNAMC0790PC01	NNAMC0791PC01	79.2	59.6	84.7	3.5
NNAMC0860PC01	NNAMC0861PC01	86.4	59.6	90.4	2
NNAMC0940PC01	NNAMC0941PC01	93.6	74.5	99.1	3.5
NNAMC1010PC01	NNAMC1011PC01	100.8	74.5	104.8	2
NNAMC1080PC01	NNAMC1081PC01	108	89.4	113.5	3.5
NNAMC1150PC01	NNAMC1151PC01	115.2	89.4	119.2	2
NNAMC1220PC01	NNAMC1221PC01	122.4	104.3	127.9	3.5
NNAMC1300PC01	NNAMC1301PC01	129.6	104.3	133.6	2
NNAMC1370PC01	NNAMC1371PC01	136.8	119.2	142.3	3.5
NNAMC1440PC01	NNAMC1441PC01	144	119.2	148	2
NNAMC1510PC01	NNAMC1511PC01	151.2	134.0	156.7	3.5
NNAMC1580PC01	NNAMC1581PC01	158.4	134.0	162.4	2
NNAMC1660PC01	NNAMC1661PC01	165.6	148.9	171.1	3.5
NNAMC1730PC01	NNAMC1731PC01	172.8	148.9	176.8	2
NNAMC1800PC01	NNAMC1801PC01	180	163.8	185.5	3.5
NNAMC1870PC01	NNAMC1871PC01	187.2	163.8	191.2	2
NNAMC1940PC01	NNAMC1941PC01	194.4	178.7	199.9	3.5
NNAMC2020PC01	NNAMC2021PC01	201.6	178.7	205.6	2
NNAMC2090PC01	NNAMC2091PC01	208.8	193.6	214.3	3.5
NNAMC2160PC01	NNAMC2161PC01	216	193.6	220	2
NNAMC2230PC01	NNAMC2231PC01	223.2	208.5	228.7	3.5
NNAMC2300PC01	NNAMC2301PC01	230.4	208.5	234.4	2

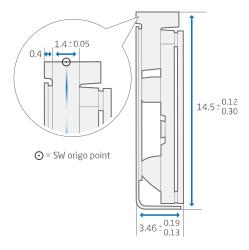
Product numb	Product number		Measurements, Non-Extended Range (mm)				urements, nded Range (m	m)			
0°	90°	A	В	С	D	From Firmw are Versio n	A	В	С	D	From Firmw are Versio n
NNAMC2380P C01	NNAMC2381P C01	237 .6	208 .5	243 .1	3. 5	v1.38	237 .6	Available on request	243 .1	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC2450P C01	NNAMC2451P C01	244 .8	208 .5	248 .8	2	v1.38	244 .8	Available on request	248 .8	2	ТВА
NNAMC2520P C01	NNAMC2521P C01	252	208 .5	257 .5	3. 5	v1.38	252	Available on request	257 .5	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC2590P C01	NNAMC2591P C01	259 .2	208 .5	263 .2	2	v1.38	259 .2	Available on request	263 .2	2	ТВА
NNAMC2660P C01	NNAMC2661P C01	266 .4	208 .5	271 .9	3. 5	v1.38	266 .4	Available on request	271 .9	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC2740P C01	NNAMC2741P C01	273 .6	208 .5	277 .6	2	v1.38	273 .6	Available on request	277 .6	2	ТВА
NNAMC2810P C01	NNAMC2811P C01	280 .8	208 .5	286 .3	3. 5	v1.38	280 .8	Available on request	286 .3	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC2880P C01	NNAMC2881P C01	288	208 .5	292	2	v1.38	288	Available on request	292	2	ТВА
NNAMC2950P C01	NNAMC2951P C01	295 .2	208 .5	300 .7	3. 5	v1.38	295 .2	Available on request	300 .7	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC3020P C01	NNAMC3021P C01	302 .4	208 .5	306 .4	2	v1.38	302 .4	Available on request	306 .4	2	ТВА
NNAMC3100P C01	NNAMC3101P C01	309 .6	208 .5	315 .1	3. 5	v1.38	309 .6	Available on request	315 .1	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC3170P C01	NNAMC3171P C01	316 .8	208 .5	320 .8	2	v1.38	316 .8	Available on request	320 .8	2	ТВА
NNAMC3240P C01	NNAMC3241P C01	324	208 .5	329 .5	3. 5	v1.38	324	Available on request	329 .5	3. 5	ТВА
NNAMC3310P C01	NNAMC3311P C01	331 .2	208 .5	335 .2	2	v1.38	331 .2	Available on request	335 .2	2	ТВА

Product number			Measurements, Non-Extended Range (mm)				urements, nded Range (m	m)			
0°	90°	A	В	С	D	From Firmw are Versio n	A	В	С	D	From Firmw are Versio n
NNAMC3380P C01	NNAMC3381P C01	338 .4	208 .5	343 .9	3. 5	v1.38	338 .4	Available on request	343 .9	3. 5	TBA
NNAMC3460P C01	NNAMC3461P C01	345 .6	208 .5	349 .6	2	v1.38	345 .6	327.7	349 .6	2	v1.49

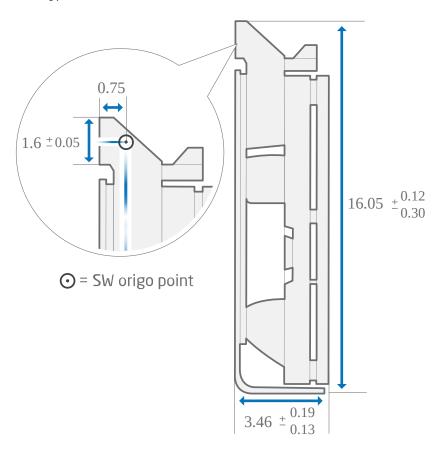
# Side View

These measurements are identical for all sensor lenghts but vary some between the  $0^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$  types. The position of origin is marked with "zero software".

# 0° Type



90° Type



#### 3.7.2 Packaging

zForce AIR Touch Sensors are packed in trays stacked in cardboard boxes. The size of the sensor determines which tray size that is used.

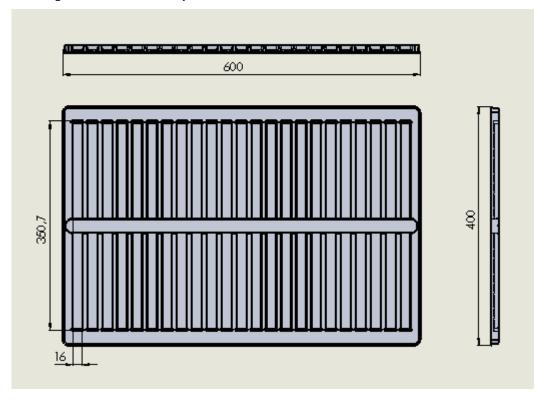
Sensor size	Tray number	Blueprint (link)
043-122	36142	36142.EDRW <sup>4</sup>
130-158	36139	36139.EDRW <sup>5</sup>

<sup>4</sup> http://confluence.neonode.local/download/attachments/76711547/36142.EDRW? api=v2&modificationDate=1557844336700&version=1

<sup>5</sup> http://confluence.neonode.local/download/attachments/76711547/36139.EDRW? api=v2&modificationDate=1557844336653&version=1

Sensor size	Tray number	Blueprint (link)
166- 266	36141	36141.EDRW <sup>6</sup>
274-346	36138	36138.EDRW <sup>7</sup>

The image below shows the tray with number 36138:



<sup>6</sup> http://confluence.neonode.local/download/attachments/76711547/36141.EDRW? api=v2&modificationDate=1557844336677&version=1

 $<sup>\</sup>label{local/download/attachments/76711547/36138.EDRW?} $$ api=v2\&modificationDate=1557844336627\&version=1 $$$